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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/045,853	11/07/2001	Daniel Gaur	PW 0249735 P12827 2382		
Pillsbury Winthrop LLP Intellectual Property Group 725 So. Figueroa Street, Suite 2800 Los Angeles, CA 90017-5406			EXAMINER DU, THUAN N		
					ART UNIT
			2116		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Analization No.					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/045,853	GAUR, DANIEL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thuan N. Du	2116				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONET	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 J	lanuary 2005.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under						
Disposition of Claims						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<ul> <li>4)⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-5,8-11 and 13-17 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> </ul>					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)  Claim(s) 1,3-5,8-11 and 13-17 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> </ul>	te atent Application (PTO-152)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/045,853 Page 2

Art Unit: 2116

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. It is hereby acknowledged that the following papers have been received and placed of record in the file: Amendment (dated 1/18/05).

- 2. Claims 2, 6, 7 and 12 have been cancelled. Claims 1, 3-5, 8-11 and 13-17 are presented for examination.
- 3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3-5, 8-11 and 13-17 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

## Claim Objections

- 5. Claim 4 is objected to because of the following informalities: the phrase "computing system is powered the an AC power source" at line 3 should be -- computing system is powered by an AC power source --. Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Claim 13 is objected to because of the following informalities: a period (.) to end the claim is missing. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Application/Control Number: 10/045,853 Page 3

Art Unit: 2116

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

9. Claim 8 recites the limitation "the source of finite capacity" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. The phrase should be written as -- the source of finite power capacity --.

Claim 8 recites the limitation "the battery" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. Claims 1, 3-5, 8-11 and 13-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai (U.S. Patent No. 6,665,810) and Lawitzke (U.S. Patent No. 6,870,852).
- 11. Regarding claim 1, Sakai teaches a system substantially as claimed comprising:
  a network adapter (interface controller 1) to provide communication between a
  computing system and a network [col. 3, lines 38-42], said network adapter operable at more
  than one link speed (100 mbps and 400 mbps) [Figs. 5-7];

a network device driver (circuit 12) to control functionality of said network adapter [col. 3, lines 54 et seq.]; and

a power source to provide power to said computing system [Fig. 5; col. 3, lines 56-58], wherein the system is determined to be powered by a source of finite power capacity (battery) [col. 5, lines 48-50] and lowers the link speed of the network adapter if the system is

powered by the source of finite power capacity [col. 4, lines 15-29; col. 5, lines 23-55; col. 4, lines 49-54; col. 7, lines 63-65].

Sakai does not explicitly teach the system periodically executes a maintenance routine to determine the type of the connected power source.

Lawitzke teaches a system comprising a CPU for executing maintenance routine (control software) [col. 4, lines 45-48], wherein the software including monitor routine for monitoring the connected power supply, the monitoring could be done periodically [col. 4, lines 54-56]. As such, the monitor routine could be executed periodically. The connected power supply could be an AC power source [col. 5, lines 66-67] or a battery (when the AC power source fails) [col. 6, lines 1-2]. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the type of the connected power source is determined upon monitored.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Sakai to include the monitor routine for monitoring the connected power supply as taught by Lawitzke because they both teach a system which could be powered by either an AC power source or a battery. The modification would increase the reliability of the system by allowing the system to detect when the power source has been switched (based on the monitoring) and change the operation according to the connected power source.

- 12. Regarding claim 3, Sakai teaches that the source of finite power capacity is a battery [Fig. 5; col. 3, line 58].
- 13. Regarding claim 4, Sakai teaches that the network device driver causes said network adapter to switch from a lower link speed (100 mbps) to a higher link speed (400 mbps) when

Art Unit: 2116

said power source changes from the power source of finite power capacity to an AC power source [col. 4, lines 15-29; col. 4, lines 57-62; col. 6, lines 51-60].

Sakai does not explicitly teach the system periodically executes a maintenance routine to determine the type of the connected power source.

Lawitzke teaches a system comprising a CPU for executing maintenance routine (control software) [col. 4, lines 45-48], wherein the software including monitor routine for monitoring the connected power supply, the monitoring could be done periodically [col. 4, lines 54-56]. As such, the monitor routine could be executed periodically. The connected power supply could be an AC power source [col. 5, lines 66-67] or a battery (when the AC power source fails) [col. 6, lines 1-2]. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the type of the connected power source is determined upon monitored.

- 14. Regarding claim 5, Sakai teaches that the source of finite power capacity is a battery [Fig. 5; col. 3, line 58].
- 15. Regarding claim 8, Sakai teaches that the link speed remains at lower link speed at all time if the source of finite power capacity is a battery [col. 7, lines 63-65].
- Regarding claim 9, both Sakai and Lawitzke do not explicitly teach that the network adapter is adapted to operate at link speeds of 10 mbps, 100 mbps and 1000 mbps. However, Sakai suggests that the network adapter (interface controller 1) may be applied to other devices, connecting other different types of devices (having different communication rate) [col. 7, lines 6-18, 45-47]. Furthermore, Sakai teaches that the link speed is adjusted automatically [col. 7, lines 21-23]. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized that the

Art Unit: 2116

network adapter taught by Sakai is capable to operate any link speed, including 10 mbps, 100 mbps and 1000 mbps.

- 17. Regarding claims 10, 11 and 13, since they recite method of operating of the apparatus defined in the apparatus claims, they are rejected accordingly based on the rejection of the apparatus claims.
- 18. Regarding claims 14-17, Sakai teaches the claimed method steps. Therefore, Sakai teaches the program code having instructions for carrying out claimed method steps.

#### Conclusion

19. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thuan N. Du whose telephone number is (571) 272-3673. The

Application/Control Number: 10/045,853 Page 7

Art Unit: 2116

examiner can normally be reached on Monday and Wednesday-Friday: 9:30 AM - 8:00 PM, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne H. Browne can be reached on (571) 272-3670.

Central TC telephone number is (571) 272-2100.

The fax number for the organization is (703) 872-9306.

21. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Thuan N. Du

March 25, 2005